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## Microscopy

### DPX new

water-free mounting medium for microscopy

### Entellan®

rapid mounting medium for microscopy

### Entellan® new

rapid mounting medium for microscopy

### Entellan® new for cover slipper

for microscopy

### Canada balsam

for microscopy

### M-GLAS®

liquid cover glass for microscopy

### Neo-Mount®

anhydrous mounting medium for microscopy

**IVD** In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device



These ready-to-use anhydrous mounting media are suited for mounting dehydrated sample material of human origin after these have been fixed and embedded as necessary, and then histologically, bacteriologically, hematologically (enzyme-cytochemically), or cytologically stained and, where applicable, counterstained with other in vitro diagnostic products from our portfolio, thus making them evaluable for further diagnostic procedures. Samples are mounted on slides to enable the specimen material to be examined by light microscopy, at the same time preserving it and thus enabling it to be re-examined many years later.

The appropriate anhydrous mounting medium for the respective application is given in the corresponding instructions for use for our In Vitro Diagnostic staining solutions, solid dyes, and test kits.

### Principle

Mounting media are viscous, clear liquids with brilliant light-refraction properties. They are either won from natural materials or else are made e.g. of acryl-resin mixtures that are dissolved in aromatic solvents such as xylene or toluene. In the last steps of the staining process prior to mounting, the still aqueous, stained specimen slides pass through a series of baths with ascending alcohol concentrations, ultimately ending up in an anhydrous solvent that is also referred to as an intermedium, e.g. toluene, xylene, or a xylene substitute (e.g. Neo-Clear®, Cat. No. 109843).

The anhydrous mounting media in their dissolved form are then dropped onto the stained and dehydrated specimen of human origin, and the slide is covered airtight with a cover glass. The evaporation of the intermedium causes the mounting medium to harden, forming a solid, clear film under the cover glass, preserving the stained specimen material and thus enabling it to be kept for several years for re-analysis at a later date. As a result of the glass-similar refractive properties of the cover glass, the sample can now be observed under a microscope without any interference.

Thanks to the practical user-friendly dropping bottle, the mounting medium can be easily and safely dropped onto the slide without smearing. The closure of the nozzle ensures that the viscosity of the medium remains constant, meaning that the mounting medium is immediately ready for use.

### Sample material

Starting materials are

- formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded, histologically stained tissue specimens (3 - 5 µm thick paraffin sections)
- fixed and stained cytological smears, e.g. sputum, fine needle aspiration biopsies (FNAB), rinses, imprints, effusions
- air-dried, heat-fixed, and stained smears of bacteriological specimen material, e.g. liquid and solid enrichment cultures of bacteria from body fluids, exsudates, pus
- hematologically processed and stained blood or bone-marrow smears from all regions of the human body.

### Reagents

Cat. No.	100579	DPX new water-free mounting medium for microscopy	500 ml
Cat. No.	107960	Entellan® rapid mounting medium for microscopy	500 ml
Cat. No.	107961	Entellan® new rapid mounting medium for microscopy	100 ml, 500 ml, 1 l
Cat. No.	100869	Entellan® new for cover slipper for microscopy	500 ml
Cat. No.	101691	Canada balsam for microscopy	25 ml, 100 ml
Cat. No.	103973	M-GLAS® liquid cover glass for microscopy	500 ml
Cat. No.	109016	Neo-Mount® anhydrous mounting medium for microscopy	100-ml dropping bottle, 500 ml

### Specifications

**Cat. No. 100579 DPX new, water-free mounting medium for microscopy** is a water-free mounting medium for microscopy, in which the teratogenic ingredient Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) has been avoided.

Refractive index (20°C)	1.518 - 1.521
Viscosity (20°C)	600 - 700 mPa*s

**Cat. No. 107960 Entellan®, rapid mounting medium for microscopy**

is a water-free mounting medium for microscopy for the permanent mounting of specimen is an anhydrous mounting medium for microscopy that is used for the permanent mounting and storage of specimens, and consists of a polymer made of mixed acrylates dissolved in toluene. As it contains toluene, it should be used with water-free specimens that have been processed with xylene previous mounting.

Refractive index (20°C)	1.492 - 1.500
Density (20°C/4°C)	0.925 - 0.935 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Viscosity (20°C)	60 - 100 mPa*s
Fluorescence	≤ 100 ppb

**Cat. No. 107961 Entellan® new, rapid mounting medium for microscopy**

is a water-free mounting medium for microscopy that consists of a polymer of mixed acrylates which are solubilized in xylene. Therefore, it should be used with specimens that have been cleared with xylene previous mounting.

Refractive index (20°C)	1.490 - 1.500
Density (20°C/4°C)	0.94 - 0.96 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Viscosity (20°C)	250 - 600 mPa*s

**Cat. No. 100869 Entellan® new for cover slipper for microscopy**

is a mounting medium for microscopy that is especially suited for standard commercial automated-mounting instruments that operate with glass coverslips. It is used as described in the instruction manual for cover slippers and the ideal amount of mounting agent is determined in a pilot run. There, empty cover glasses and specimen holders, according to the size of the cover glass and the size and thickness of the specimen, are used and these conditions are re-checked when a new bottle of the mounting medium is used. As its viscosity range is adjusted to a narrow range, the effort for new the calibration of the instrument is minimized.

Refractive index (20°C)	1.490 - 1.500
Viscosity (20°C)	500 - 600 mPa*s

**Cat. No. 101691 Canada balsam for microscopy**

is a commonly used mounting medium for microscopy to prepare permanent slides. It is produced from the resin of the balsam fir tree and its use can be combined with xylene-containing specimens.

Refractive index (20°C)	1.515 - 1.530
Density (20°C/4°C)	0.980 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Viscosity (20°C)	3000 mPa*s

### Cat. No. 103973 M-GLAS®, liquid cover glass for microscopy

is used in cytology instead of a cover glass to ensure that the stained specimens are homogeneously covered. A few drops are applied onto the specimen, taking care that the mounting medium is evenly distributed over the specimen material. After the solvent has evaporated, a solid, protective lacquer film remains that ensures that the specimen material is preserved.

Refractive index (20°C)	1.490 - 1.500
Density (20°C/4°C)	0.980 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Viscosity (20°C)	500 - 600 mPa*s
Fluorescence	≤ 250 ppb

### Cat. No. 109016 Neo-Mount®, anhydrous mounting medium for microscopy

is an extremely color-stable mounting medium for microscopy, which is produced with solvents based on mixtures of aliphatic hydrocarbons. It contains an aromatic-free substitute for xylene, thus, Neo-Mount® needs to be combined with Neo-Clear® (Cat. No. 109843) exclusively. Xylene must be avoided in the mounting step, as it will cause the slides to become cloudy and streaked. The application of Neo-Mount® is not recommended in fluorescence microscopy for clinical diagnostics. In addition, by placing the dehydrated slides on filter paper for approx. 1 minute prior mounting, any excess of Neo-Clear® could be circumvented, as air bubbles might arise under the coverslip. The same precondition should also be met when mounting specimens using cover-slip machines; in this area, Neo-Clear® can be most efficiently eliminated by incubation of the slides for one minute in an empty slide rack.

Refractive index (20°C)	1.417 - 1.465
Viscosity (20°C)	250 - 350 mPa*s

#### Also required:

Cat. No.	100974	Ethanol denatured with about 1 % methyl ethyl ketone for analysis EMSURE®	1 l, 2.5 l
Cat. No.	108298	Xylene (isomeric mixture) for histology	4 l
Cat. No.	109843	Neo-Clear® (xylene substitute) for microscopy	5 l, 25 l

### Sample preparation

The sampling must be performed by qualified personnel.

All samples must be treated using state-of-the-art technology.

All samples must be clearly labeled.

Suitable instruments must be used for taking samples and their preparation. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for application / use.

The specimen material is processed, stained (and counterstained where applicable), and mounted according to the instructions for use of our In Vitro Diagnostic staining solutions, solid dyes, and test kits.

Histological and cytological specimens must be completely dehydrated before mounting. In the last stage, either xylene or a xylene substitute should be used to prevent the occurrence of turbidity due to aqueous solutions.

Hematological and bacteriological specimens must be dried completely before microscopy using immersion oil, i.e. allow specimen slides to dry thoroughly or, if necessary, mount with an anhydrous mounting medium and cover glass, otherwise the microscopic image will become turbid.

### Reagent preparation

All listed anhydrous mounting media are ready-to-use, dilution of the mounting media is not necessary.

When exchanging one anhydrous mounting medium in a cover slipper for another, e.g. when switching from Entellan® to Entellan® new, it is absolutely imperative to rinse the entire injection system of the cover slipper with the solvent xylene before using the new mounting medium. Only then can the new mounting medium be used.

If this is not done, oil-drop-shaped artefacts will form on the slide.

### Procedure

The mounting medium must contain the same solvent, used for the water-clearing procedure to obtain the optimal optical properties and transparency of the slides.

All mounting procedures should be carried out in a fume hood.

The mounting medium is applied to the horizontal slide, using a glass rod or else directly dropping approx. 0.2 ml of one of the listed mounting media from the dropping bottle. As soon as a homogeneous distribution of the solution is guaranteed, gently add a clean cover glass, so that the space between the slide and cover glass is filled without air bubbles with mounting medium. Allow this setup to dry and harden for about 20 - 30 min in a horizontal position.

When pre-treated in the correct manner, the color of the specimens remains stable for at least five years.

The use of immersion oil is recommended for the analysis of stained slides with a microscopic magnification >40x.

### Note

In the case of mounted specimens, the cover slips can be detached again by immersing them in xylene. Specimens that have been mounted with M-GLAS® (Cat. No. 103973) can also be treated in this manner.

### Cat. No. 100579 DPX new, water-free mounting medium for microscopy

Solvent	Xylene
Immersion time	approx. 65 hours

### Cat. No. 107960 Entellan®, rapid mounting medium for microscopy

Solvent	Xylene
Immersion time	approx. 24 hours

### Cat. No. 107961 Entellan® new, rapid mounting medium for microscopy

Solvent	Xylene
Immersion time	approx. 72 hours

### Cat. No. 100869 Entellan® new for cover slipper for microscopy

Solvent	Xylene
Immersion time	approx. 72 hours

### Cat. No. 101691 Canada balsam for microscopy

Solvent	Xylene
Immersion time	approx. 51 hours

### Cat. No. 103973 M-GLAS®, liquid cover glass for microscopy

Solvent	Xylene
Immersion time	approx. 17 hours

### Cat. No. 109016 Neo-Mount®, anhydrous mounting medium for microscopy

Solvent	Xylene
Immersion time	approx. 24 hours

### Result

The use of these anhydrous, ready-to-use mounting media results in completely airtight specimen slides, the structure and stain pattern of which remains preserved over the long term, enabling them to be microscopically re-analyzed at a later date.

### Trouble-shooting

#### Oil-drop-shaped artefacts on the slide

- When exchanging one anhydrous mounting medium in a cover slipper for another, e.g. when switching from Entellan® to Entellan® new, it is absolutely imperative to rinse the entire injection system of the cover slipper with the solvent xylene before using the new mounting medium. Only then can the new mounting medium be used.

#### Turbidity of the slides

- As a measure to ensure that the specimen slides retain optimal optical properties and their transparency, in all cases a mounting medium must be used that is based on the solvent/intermediate used for the clarification process. The Neo-Mount® mounting medium is, for example, not compatible with xylene and hence should be used only in combination with the intermediate Neo-Clear®.

#### No color stability over longer storage times

- A minimum quality of the solvents must be observed. Technical-grade solvents may have a relatively high water content, which may result in incomplete dehydration and hence in the stained specimen becoming turbid or decolorized.
- A minimum quality and staining-dye content must be observed to ensure that the staining pattern of the specimens remains stable over the long term.

#### Air bubbles and inclusions

- In all cases a mounting medium must be used that is based on the solvent / intermediate used for the clarification process.
- The volume of the mounting medium applied to the specimen must be carefully monitored (to avoid too much or too little mounting medium).
- The drying times for the specimens must be observed. The specimens must be completely dehydrated before microscopy with immersion oil, i.e. always allow the specimens to dry completely and mount thoroughly.
- The evaporation of the solvent after mounting must be borne in mind, and specimen slides must be dried for at least 20 - 30 min.

### Technical notes

The microscope used should meet the requirements of a medical diagnostic laboratory.

When using automated-mounting instruments, please follow the instructions for use supplied by the supplier of the system and software. Remove surplus immersion oil before filling.

## Diagnostics

Diagnoses are to be made only by authorized and trained personnel. Valid nomenclatures must be used. Further tests must be selected and implemented according to recognized methods. Suitable controls should be conducted with each application in order to avoid an incorrect result.

## Storage

**Cat. Nos. 100579, 107960, 107961, 100869, 103973, 109016:**  
Store the listed mounting media at +15 °C to +25 °C.

**Cat. No. 101691:**  
Store the Canada balsam for microscopy at +5 °C to +30 °C.

## Shelf-life

**Cat. Nos. 100579, 107960, 107961, 100869, 103973, 109016:**  
The listed mounting media can be used until the stated expiry date.

After first opening of the bottle, the contents can be used up to the stated expiry date when stored at +15 °C to +25 °C.

**Cat. No. 101691:**  
The Canada balsam for microscopy can be used until the stated expiry date. After opening the bottle the first time and subsequent storage of the tightly re-closed bottle at +5 °C to +30 °C, the medium can be used up to the printed expiry date.

## Additional instructions

**For professional use only.**  
In order to avoid errors, the application must be carried out by qualified personnel only. National guidelines for work safety and quality assurance must be followed. Microscopes equipped according to the standard must be used.

## Protection against infection

Effective measures must be taken to protect against infection in line with laboratory guidelines.

## Instructions for disposal

The package must be disposed of in accordance with the current disposal guidelines. Used solutions and solutions that are past their shelf-life must be disposed of as special waste in accordance with local guidelines. Information on disposal can be obtained under the Quick Link "Hints for Disposal of Microscopy Products" at [www.microscopy-products.com](http://www.microscopy-products.com). Within the EU the currently applicable REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 applies.

## Auxiliary reagents

Cat. No.	100974	Ethanol denatured with about 1 % methyl ethyl ketone for analysis EMSURE®	1 l, 2.5 l
Cat. No.	100983	Ethanol absolute for analysis EMSURE® ACS, ISO, Reag. Ph Eur	1 l, 2.5 l, 5 l
Cat. No.	104699	Immersion oil for microscopy	100-ml dropping bottle, 100 ml, 500 ml
Cat. No.	108298	Xylene (isomeric mixture) for histology	4 l
Cat. No.	109843	Neo-Clear® (xylene substitute) for microscopy	5 l, 25 l

## Hazard classification

**Cat. Nos. 100579, 107960, 107961, 100869, 101691, 103973, 109016**  
Please observe the hazard classification printed on the label and the information given in the safety data sheet. The safety data sheet is available on the website and on request.

## Main components of the products

**Cat. No. 100579**  
Copolymer in 70 % (w/w) xylene

**Cat. No. 107960**  
Mixed acrylate in 75 % (w/w) toluene  
1 l = 0.93 kg

**Cat. No. 107961**  
Polymer of mixed acrylates in 60 % (w/w) xylene  
1 l = 0.95 kg

**Cat. No. 100869**  
Polymer of mixed acrylates in 60 % (w/w) xylene  
1 l = 0.95 kg

**Cat. No. 101691**  
CAS-No 8007-47-4  
1 l = 0.98 kg

**Cat. No. 103973**  
Polymer of mixed acrylates in 73.3 % (w/w) toluene  
1 l = 0.91 kg

**Cat. No. 109016**  
Polymer of mixed acrylates in 64 % (w/w) Shellsol 140/165

## Other IVD products

Cat. No.	100496	Formaldehyde solution 4%, buffered, pH 6.9 (approx. 10% Formalin solution) for histology	350 ml and 700 ml (in bottle with wide neck), 5 l, 10 l, 10 l Titripac®
Cat. No.	101646	PAS staining kit for detection of aldehyde and mucosubstances	2x 500 ml
Cat. No.	102480	Eosin-Phloxine solution, alcoholic for microscopy	500 ml, 1 l
Cat. No.	105174	Hematoxylin solution modified acc. to Gill III for microscopy	500 ml, 1 l, 2.5 l
Cat. No.	109204	Giemsa's azur eosin methylene blue solution for microscopy	100 ml, 500 ml, 1 l, 2.5 l
Cat. No.	111609	Histosec® pastilles solidification point 56-58°C embedding agent for histology	1 kg, 10 kg (4x 2.5 kg), 25 kg
Cat. No.	111885	Gram-color stain set for the Gram staining method	1 set
Cat. No.	115161	Histosec® pastilles (without DMSO) solidification point 56-58°C embedding agent for histology	10 kg (4x 2.5 kg), 25 kg

## Literature

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5. Theory and application of Microbiological Assay, Hewitt, W. and Vincent, S., 1989, Academic Press
6. Conn's Biological Stains: A Handbook of Dyes, Stains and Fluorochromes for Use in Biology and Medicine, 10th Edition, (ed. Horobin, R.W. and Kiernan, J.A). Bios, 2002



Consult instructions for use



Manufacturer



Catalog number



Batch code



Caution, consult accompanying documents



Use by YYYY-MM-DD



Temperature limitation

Status: 2017-11-29

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